



Product Description: T370XW02 TFT-LCD PANEL with RoHS guarantee

AUO Model Name: T370XW02 VF

Customer Part No/Project Name:

Customer Signature	Date	AUO	Date
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Product Specifications

37.0" WXGA Color TFT-LCD Module

Model Name: T370XW02 VF

() Preliminary Specifications

(*) Final Specifications



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Record of Revision

[illegible]



1. General Description

This specification applies to the 37.0 inch Color TFT-LCD Module T370XW02 VF. This LCD module has a TFT active matrix type liquid crystal panel 1366x768 pixels, and diagonal size of 37.0 inch. This module supports 1366x768 XGA-WIDE mode (Non-interlace).

Each pixel is divided into Red, Green and Blue sub-pixels or dots which are arranged in vertical stripes. Gray scale or the brightness of the sub-pixel color is determined with a 8-bit gray scale signal for each dot.

The T370XW02 VF has been designed to apply the 8-bit 1 channel LVDS interface method. It is intended to support displays where high brightness, wide viewing angle, high color saturation, and high color depth are very important.

The T370XW02 VF model is RoHS verified which can be distinguished on panel label.

* General Information

Items	Specification	Unit	Note
Active Screen Size	37.02 inches		
Display Area	819.6 (H) x 460.8(V)	mm	
Outline Dimension	877.0(H) x 514.6(V) x 47.6(D)	mm	With socket cover
Driver Element	a-Si TFT active matrix		
Display Colors	16.7M	Colors	
Number of Pixels	1366 x 768	Pixel	
Pixel Pitch	0.6 X 0.6	mm	
Pixel Arrangement	RGB vertical stripe		
Display Mode	Normally Black		
Surface Treatment	Anti-Glare, 3H		Haze = 11%



2. Absolute Maximum Ratings

The following are maximum values which, if exceeded, may cause permanent damage to the unit.

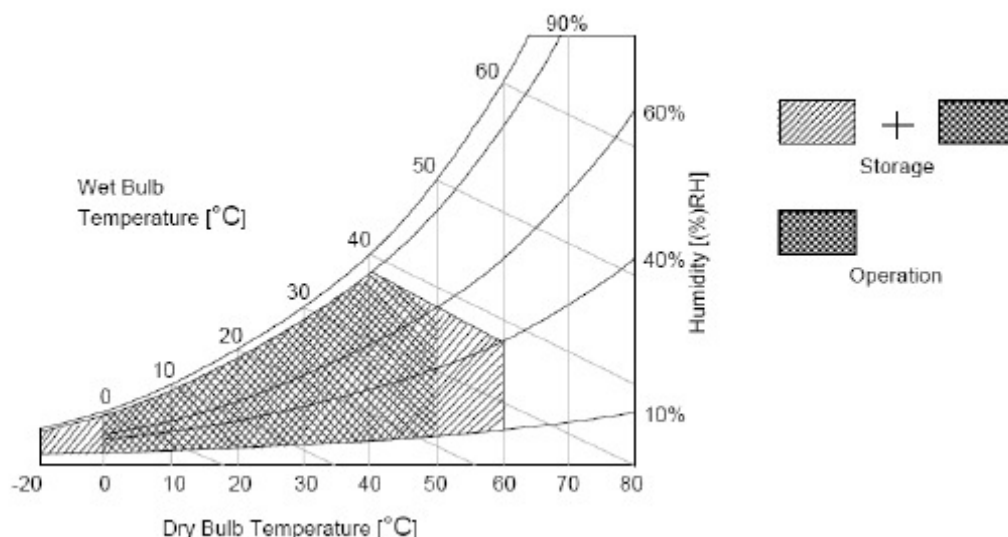
Item	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	Conditions
Logic/LCD Drive Voltage	Vcc	-0.3	14	[Volt]	Note 1
Input Voltage of Signal	Vin	-0.3	4	[Volt]	Note 1
BLU Input Voltage	VDDb	-0.3	27	[Volt]	Note 1
BLU Brightness Control Voltage	Vdim	-0.3	7.0	[Volt]	Note 1
Operating Temperature	TOP	0	+50	[°C]	Note 2
Operating Humidity	HOP	10	90	[%RH]	Note 2
Storage Temperature	TST	-20	+60	[°C]	Note 2
Storage Humidity	HST	10	90	[%RH]	Note 2
Panel Surface Temperature	PST		65	[°C]	Note 3

Note:

1. Duration:50 msec.
2. Maximum Wet-Bulb should be 39°C and No condensation.

The relative humidity must not exceed 90% non-condensing at temperatures of 40°C or less. At temperatures greater than 40°C, the wet bulb temperature must not exceed 39°C.

3. Surface temperature is measured at 50°C Dry condition





3. Electrical Specification

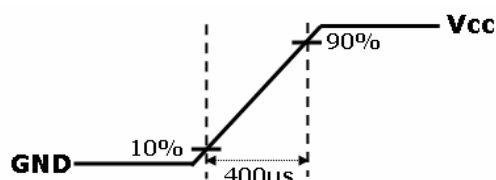
The T370XW02 VF requires two power inputs. One is employed to power the LCD electronics and to drive the TFT array and liquid crystal. The second input power for the Backlight.

3-1 Electrical Characteristics

Parameter			Values			Unit	Notes
			Min	Typ	Max		
LCD:							
Power Supply Input Voltage		Vcc	10.8	12	13.2	Vdc	1
Power Supply Input Current		Icc	-	0.39	0.43	A	2
Power Consumption		Pc	-	4.68	5.15	Watt	2
Inrush Current		I _{RUSH}	-	-	4	Apeak	3
LVDS Interface	Differential Input High Threshold Voltage	VTH			100	mV	4
	Differential Input Low Threshold Voltage	VTL	-100			mV	4
	Common Input Voltage	VCIM	1.10	1.25	1.40	V	4
CMOS Interface	Input High Threshold Voltage	VIH (High)	2.4		3.3	Vdc	
	Input Low Threshold Voltage	VIL (Low)	0		0.7	Vdc	
Backlight Power Consumption		Pddb	98	104	110	Watt	5
Life Time			50,000			Hours	5.6.7.8

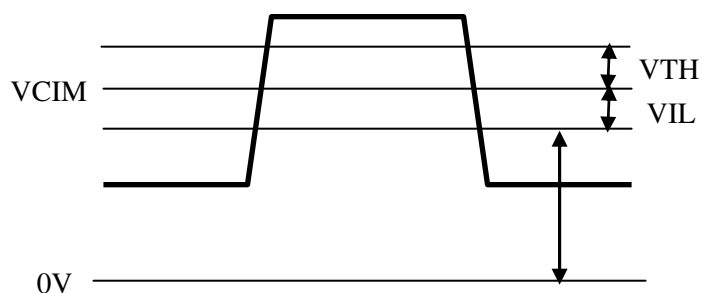
Note :

1. The ripple voltage should be controlled under 10% of V_{CC}
2. V_{CC}=12.0V, $f_v = 60\text{Hz}$, $f_{\text{CLK}}=81.5\text{Mhz}$, 25°C, Test Pattern : White Pattern
3. Measurement condition :





4. $V_{CIM} = 1.2V$



5. The performance of the Lamp in LCD panel, for example life time or brightness, is extremely influenced by the characteristics of the DC-AC Inverter or LIPS board. So all the parameters of an inverter should be carefully designed as not to produce too much leakage current from high-voltage output of the inverter. When you design or order the inverter, please make sure unwanted lighting caused by the mismatch of the lamp and the inverter (no lighting, flicker, etc) never occurs. After confirmation, the LCD panel should be operated in the same condition as installed in your instrument. Backlight power consumption is measured by AUO JIG(19.37T03.011).
6. Do not attach a conducting tape to lamp connecting wire. If the lamp wire attach to conducting tape, TFT-LCD Module have a low luminance and the inverter has abnormal action because leakage current occurs between lamp wire and conducting tape.
7. The relative humidity must not exceed 80% non-condensing at temperatures of 40°C or less. At temperatures greater than 40°C, the wet bulb temperature must not exceed 39°C. When operate at low temperatures, the brightness of CCFL will drop and the life time of CCFL will be reduced.
8. Specified values are for a single lamp only which is aligned horizontally. The lifetime is defined as the time which luminance of the lamp is 50% compared to its original value.

[Operating condition: Continuous operating at $T_a = 25 \pm 2^\circ\text{C}$]



3-2 Interface Connections

- Connector on Panel: JAE FI-E30S-R1500 (Manufactured by JAE)

Pin No	Symbol	Description	Default
1	NC	No Connect	AUO Internal test
2	SCL	EEPROM Serial Clock	
3	SCA	EEPROM Serial Data	
4	GND	Ground and Signal Return	
5	RIN0-	LVDS Channel 0 negative	
6	RIN0+	LVDS Channel 0 positive	
7	GND	Ground and Signal Return for LVDS	
8	RIN1-	LVDS Channel 1 negative	
9	RIN1+	LVDS Channel 1 positive	
10	GND	Ground and Signal Return for LVDS	
11	RIN2-	LVDS Channel 2 negative	
12	RIN2+	LVDS Channel 2 positive	
13	GND	Ground and Signal Return for LVDS	
14	RCLK-	LVDS Clock negative	
15	RCLK+	LVDS Clock positive	
16	GND	Ground and Signal Return for LVDS	
17	RIN3-	LVDS Channel 3 negative	
18	RIN3+	LVDS Channel 3 positive	
19	GND	Ground and Signal Return for LVDS	
20	NC	No Connect	AUO internal test
21	LVDS Option	Open / High for Normal (NS), Low for JEIDA	
22	WP	EEPROM Write Protection	
23	GND	Ground and Signal Return for LVDS	
24	GND	Ground and Signal Return for LVDS	
25	GND	Ground and Signal Return for LVDS	
26	VCC	+12V, DC, Regulated	
27	VCC	+12V, DC, Regulated	
28	VCC	+12V, DC, Regulated	
29	VCC	+12V, DC, Regulated	
30	VCC	+12V, DC, Regulated	

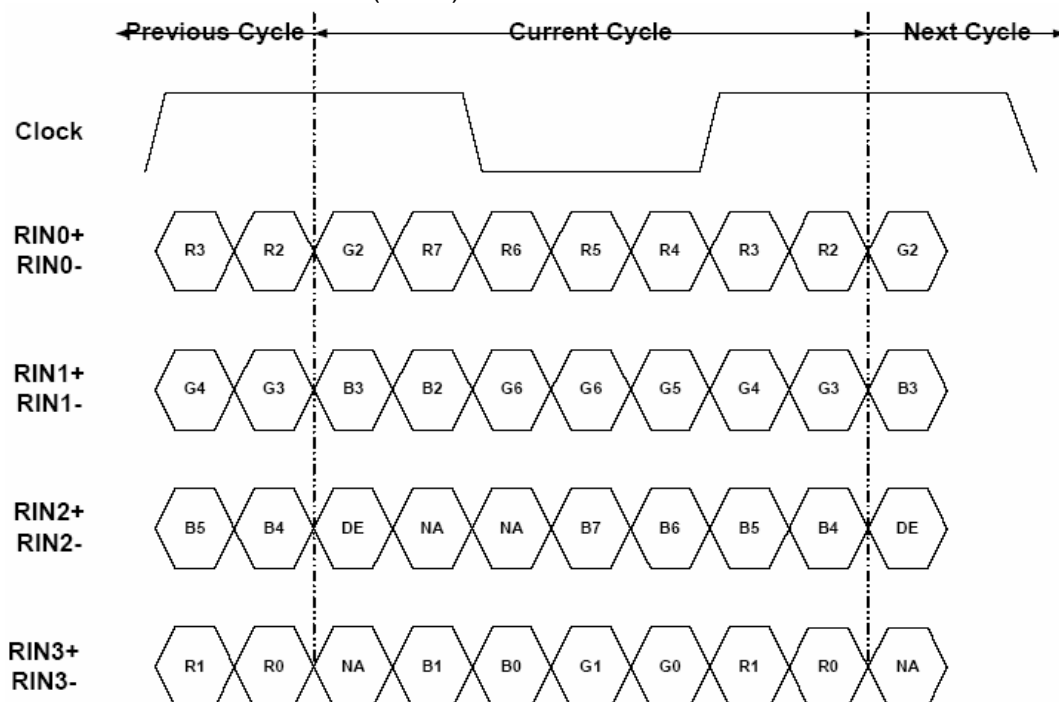
Note:

1. All GND (ground) pins should be connected together and should also be connected to the LCD's metal frame. All Vcc (power input) pins should be connected together.
2. For Pin 10,27 and 28,panel will not damage if negligently connect these pins to high or low

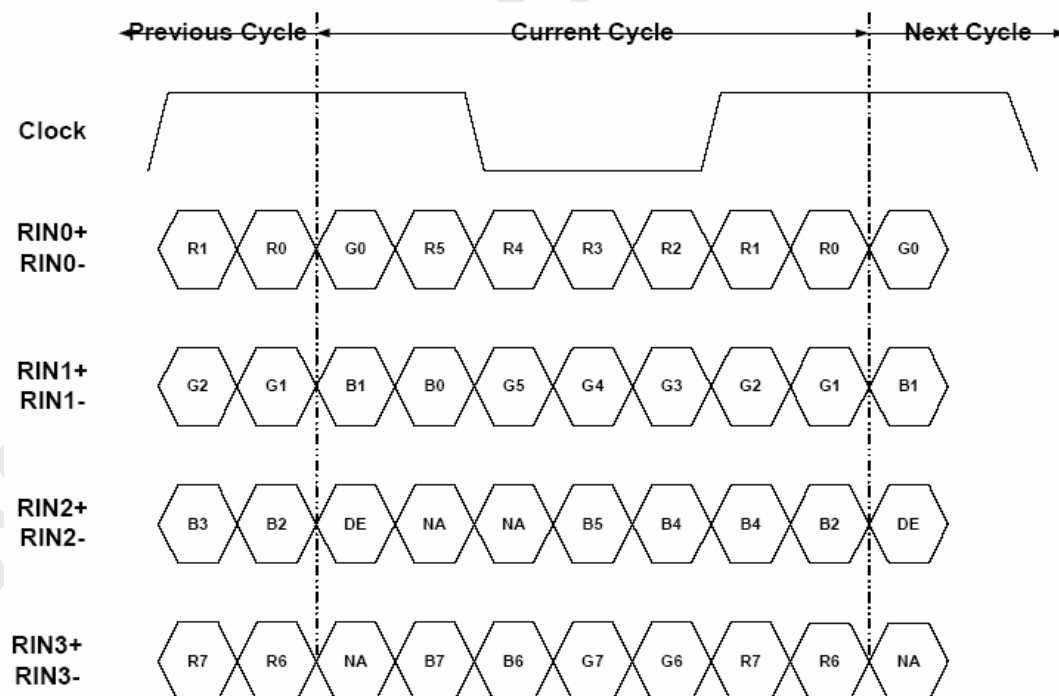


● LVDS Data Format Selection

1. SEL LVDS= Low(GND) =JEIDA



2. SEL LVDS = Open / High= Normal (NS)





3-3 Signal Timing Specifications

This is the signal timing required at the input of the User connector. All of the interface signal timing should be satisfied with the following specifications for it's proper operation.

* Timing Table

DE only Mode

Vertical Frequency:

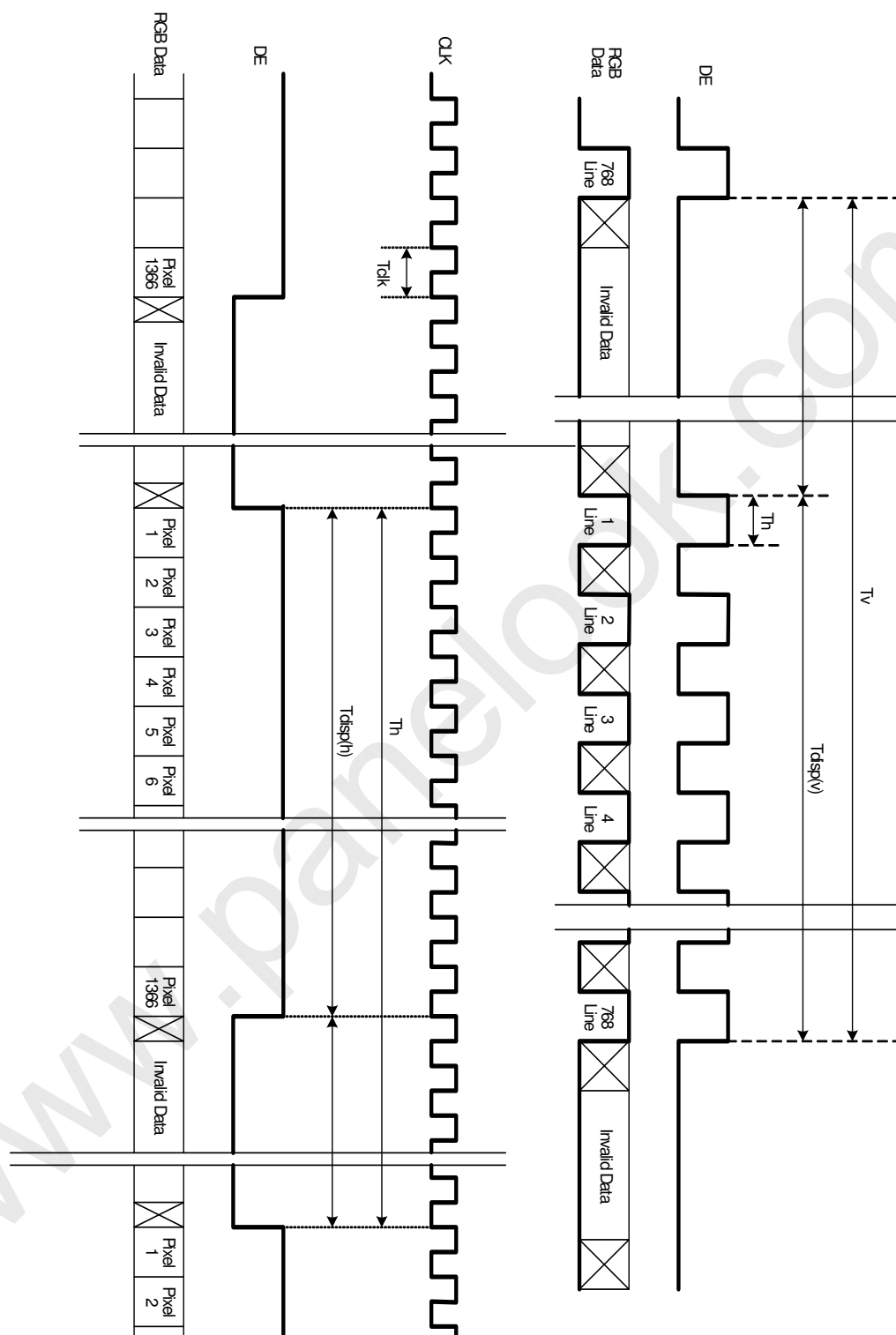
Signal	Item	Symbol	Min.	Type.	Max.	Unit
Vertical Section	Period	Tv	776	810	1015	Th
	Active	Tdisp(V)	768			Th
	Blanking	Tblk(V)	8	42	247	Th
Horizontal Section	Period	Th	1414	1648	2000	Tclk
	Active	Tdisp(H)	1366			Tclk
	Blanking	Tblk(H)	48	282	634	Tclk
LVDS Clock	Frequency	1/Tclk	50	80	86	MHz
Vertical Frequency	Frequency	Freq.	47	60	63	Hz
Horizontal Frequency	Frequency	Freq.	43	48	53	KHz

Notes:

1. Display position is specific by the rise of DE signal only.
2. Horizontal display position is specified by the rising edge of 1st DCLK after the rise of 1st DE, is displayed on the left edge of the screen.
2. Vertical display position is specified by the rise of DE after a "Low" level period equivalent to eight times of horizontal period. The 1st data corresponding to one horizontal line after the rise the of 1st DE is displayed at the top line of screen.
3. If a period of DE "High" is less than 1366 DCLK or less than 768 lines, the rest of the screen displays black.
4. The display position does not fit to the screen if a period of DE "High" and the effective data period do not synchronize with each other.



3-4 Signal Timing Waveforms





3-5 Color Input Data Reference

The brightness of each primary color (red, green and blue) is based on the 8 bit gray scale data input for the color; the higher the binary input, the brighter the color. The table below provides a reference for color versus data input.

COLOR DATA REFERENCE

Color		Input Color Data																							
		RED								GREEN								BLUE							
		MSB								MSB								MSB							
		LSB								LSB								LSB							
		R7	R6	R5	R4	R3	R2	R1	R0	G7	G6	G5	G4	G3	G2	G1	G0	B7	B6	B5	B4	B3	B2	B1	B0
Basic Color	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red(255)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green(255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Blue(255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Cyan	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Magenta	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Yellow	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	White	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
RED	RED(000)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	RED(001)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

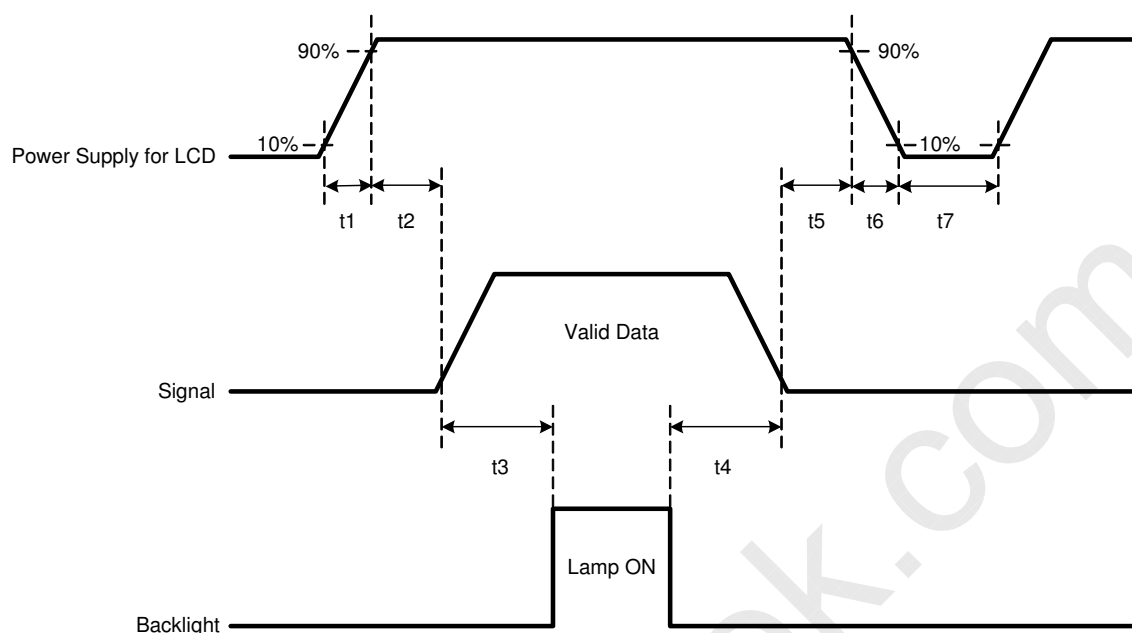
	RED(254)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	RED(255)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
GREEN	GREEN(000)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN(001)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

	GREEN(254)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN(255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
BLUE	BLUE(000)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	BLUE(001)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1

	BLUE(254)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0
	BLUE(255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1



3-6 Power Sequence



Parameter	Values			Units
	Min.	Typ.	Max.	
t1	0.4	-	30	ms
t2	0.1	-	50	ms
t3	200	-	-	ms
t4	10	-	-	ms
t5	0.1	-	50	ms
t6	-	-	300	ms
t7	500	-	-	ms

Note:

The timing controller will not be damaged in case of TV set AC input power suddenly shut down.

Once power reset, it should follow power sequence as spec. definition.

Apply the lamp voltage within the LCD operation range. When the backlight turns on before the LCD operation or the LCD turns off before the back-light turns off, the display may momentarily become abnormal screen.



3-7 Backlight Power Specification for LCD Module

Electrical specification

	Description		Min	Typ	Max	Unit	Condition/Note	
1	Operating Voltage		Vo	766	851	936	Vrms	1. Dimming range is set 100% 2. Base on lamp specification, for each lamp need to be applied at least minimum operating voltage to ensure each lamp can be normally worked!
2	Operating Current		Io	11.5	12	12.5	mArms	1. Dimming range is set 100% 2. Base on lamp specification, for each lamp need to be applied at least minimum operating current to ensure each lamp can be normally worked!
3	BL Total Power Dissipation		PBL	98	104	110	Watt	1. Dimming range is set 100%. 2. In order to get typical light out, the backlight need to be applied typical power. 3. Input power of JIG BD is about 104_W (typ) by AUO measure!
4	Striking Voltage	At 0℃	Vstrike	1500	1650	-	Vrms	1. Base on lamp specification, to ensure each lamp can be normally ignited, need to apply at least minimum striking voltage to each lamp
		At 25℃		1250	1400	-		
5	Striking Time		Ts	1000	-	1500	msec	1. To ensure each lamp can be normally ignited, each lamp need to be applied at least minimum striking voltage during minimum striking time.
6	Operating Frequency		fo	42	-	46	kHz	1. Operating frequency is set by customer. 2. Need to double confirm display quality.
7	PWM Operating Frequency		F_PWM	140	180	240	Hz	1. PWM frequency is set by customer. 2. Need to double confirm display quality.
8	PWM Dimming Duty Ratio		D_PWM	20	-	100	%	Note 1. Dimming range Note 2. Note 3. Duty ratio definition.
9	Lamp Type			Straight type			Straight type	
10	Number of Lamps			10			10	

(Ta=25±5°C, Turn on for 45minutes)

(*) The operating frequency of lamp may produce interference with horizontal frequency from display, and may cause line noise on the display. In order to avoid interference, the operating frequency should be separated from horizontal frequency.



Note

1:Dimming range



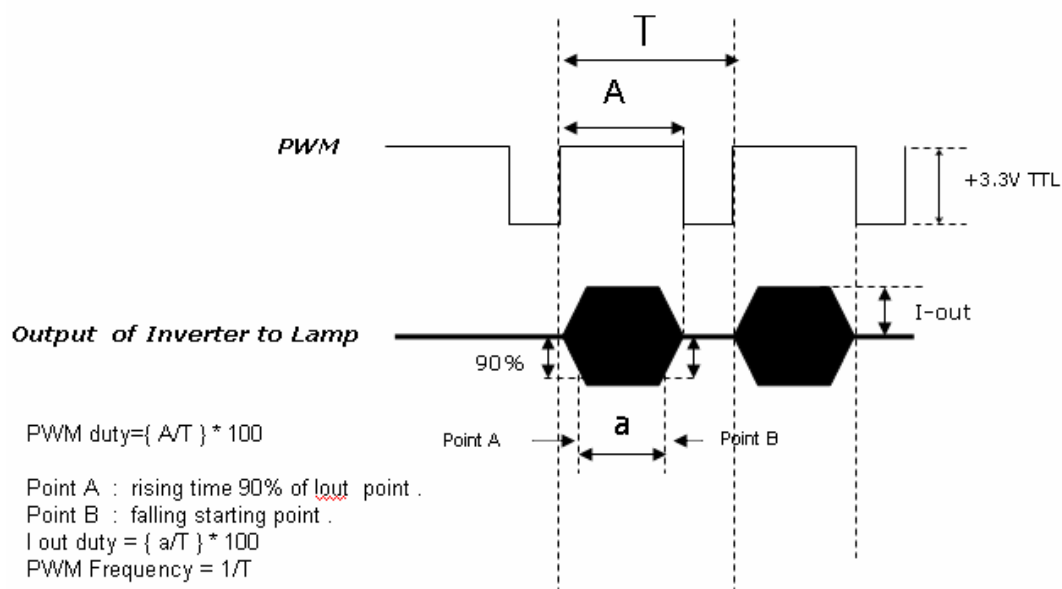
PWM Dimming : include Internal and External PWM Dimming

Note 2:

When PWM dimming ration is operated less than recommend value, feedback signal and all protection functions should be confirmed for LIPS design. Picture performance and quality should also be confirmed by customers

Note 3:

Duty ratio definition.





Lamp specification

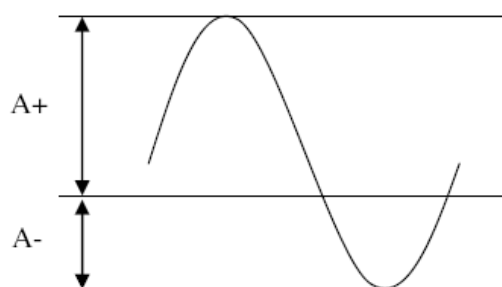
	Description		Min	Typ	Max	Unit	Note
1	Lamp voltage	Vlamp	766	851	936	Vrms	At I _{lamp} =12.0mA
2	Lamp current	I _{lamp}	-	12.0	-	mA _{rms}	
3	Lamp frequency	f _{lamp}	35	-	80	kHz	
4	Striking voltage	At 25°C		-	1250	Vrms	
		At 0°C		-	1500	Vrms	
5	Delayed discharge time	T _{delay}	-	-	1000	msec	
6	Life time		50K		-	-	
7	Unsymmetrical ratio		-	-	10%		Note 1.
8	Crest factor (C.F)		$\sqrt{2} - 10\%$	$\sqrt{2}$	$\sqrt{2} + 10\%$		

The above characteristics are measured under the conditions:

Ambient temperature: 25±2°C, Relative Humidity: 65±20%RH.

Note 1:

Please light on the lamp with symmetrical voltage and current waveform (unsymmetrical ratio is less than 10%, crest factor within $\sqrt{2} \pm 10\%$). The inverter output waveform should be better similar to the ideal sine wave.



$$\text{Unsymmetrical ratio} = |(A+) - (A-)| / \text{Arms} * 100\%$$

$$\text{Crest factor} = (A+) / \text{Arms} \text{ or } (A-) / \text{Arms}$$

A+ : Plus of peak value

A- : Minus of peak value

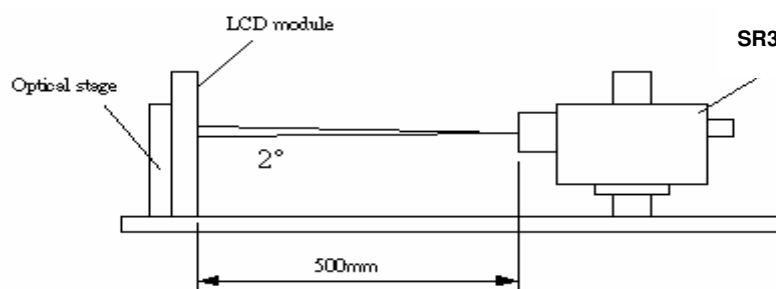
Arms : Root mean square value



4. Optical Specification

Optical characteristics are determined after the unit has been 'ON' and stable for approximately 45 minutes in a dark environment at 25°C. The values specified are at an approximate distance 500mm from the LCD surface at a viewing angle of Φ and θ equal to 0°.

Fig.1 1 presents additional information concerning the measurement equipment and method.



Parameter		Symbol	Values			Units	Notes
			Min.	Typ.	Max.		
Contrast Ratio		CR	2400	3000			1
Surface Luminance, white		LWH	320	400		cd/m ²	2
Luminance Variation		δ_{WHITE} 9 p			1.30		3
Response time	G to G	T _y		6.5	8	ms	4
Color Gamut		NTSC		72		%	
Color Coordinates							
	RED	R _x	Typ.-0.03	0.64	Typ.+0.03		
		R _y		0.33			
	GREEN	G _x		0.29			
		G _y		0.60			
	BLUE	B _x		0.15			
		B _y		0.06			
	WHITE	W _x		0.28			
		W _y		0.29			
Viewing Angle							
	x axis, right($\varphi=0^\circ$)	θ_r		89		degree	5
	x axis, left($\varphi=180^\circ$)	θ_l		89			
	y axis, up($\varphi=90^\circ$)	θ_u		89			
	y axis, down ($\varphi=0^\circ$)	θ_d		89			



Note:

1. Contrast Ratio (CR) is defined mathematically as:

$$\text{Contrast Ratio} = \frac{\text{Surface Luminance of } L_{\text{on5}}}{\text{Surface Luminance of } L_{\text{off5}}}$$

2. Surface luminance is luminance value at point 5 across the LCD surface 50cm from the surface with all pixels displaying white. From more information see FIG 2. When $V_{\text{DDB}} = 24\text{V}$, $I_{\text{DDB}} = 5\text{A}$, $L_{\text{WH}} = L_{\text{on5}}$, where L_{on5} is the luminance with all pixels displaying white at center 5 location.
3. The variation in surface luminance, δ_{WHITE} is defined (center of Screen) as:

$$\delta_{\text{WHITE(9P)}} = \frac{\text{Maximum}(L_{\text{on1}}, L_{\text{on2}}, \dots, L_{\text{on9}})}{\text{Minimum}(L_{\text{on1}}, L_{\text{on2}}, \dots, L_{\text{on9}})}$$
 Measurement data is refer to AUP's JIG(19.37T03.011).

4. Response time T_{γ} is the average time required for display transition by switching the input signal for five luminance ratio (0%,25%,50%,75%,100% brightness matrix) and is based on $f_v = 60\text{Hz}$ to optimize.

	0%	25%	50%	75%	100%
0%		t0%-25%	t0%-50%	t0%-75%	t0%-100%
25%	t25%-0%		t25%-50%	t25%-75%	t25%-100%
50%	t50%-0%	t50%-25%		t50%-75%	t50%-100%
75%	t75%-0%	t75%-25%	t75%-50%		t75%-100%
100%	t100%-0%	t100%-25%	t100%-50%	t100%-75%	

5. Viewing angle is the angle at which the contrast ratio is greater than 10. The angles are determined for the horizontal or x axis and the vertical or y axis with respect to the z axis which is normal to the LCD surface. For more information see FIG4.

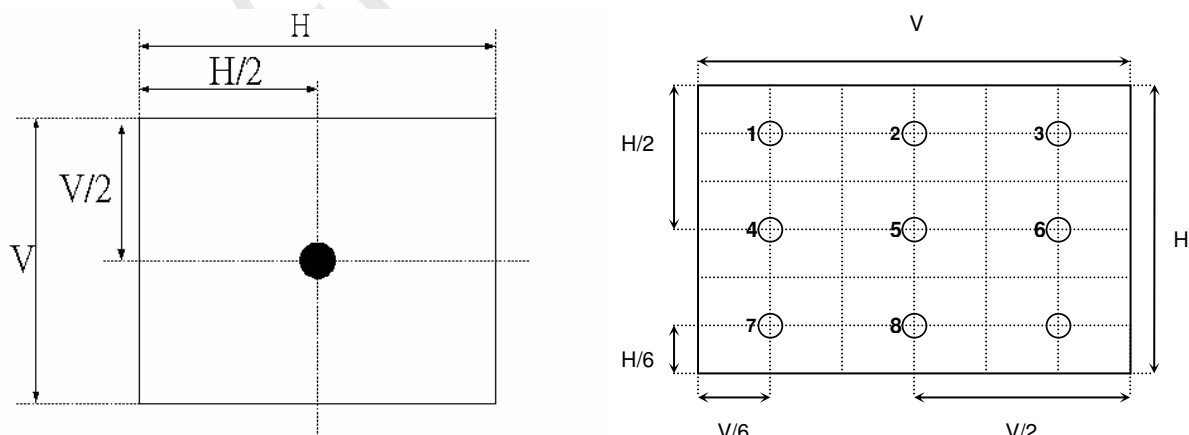


FIG. 2 Luminance



The response time is defined as the following figure and shall be measured by switching the input signal for “any level of gray(bright)” and “any level of gray(dark)”.

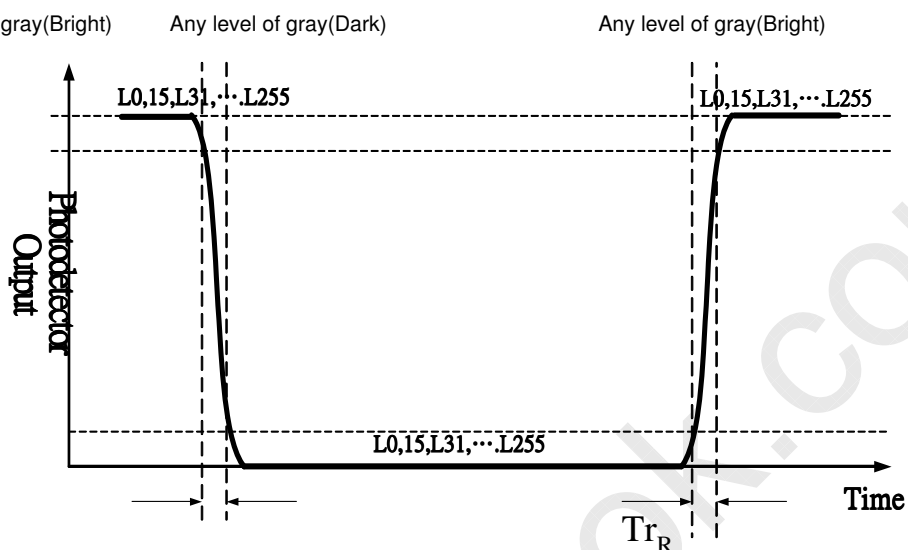


FIG.3 Response Time

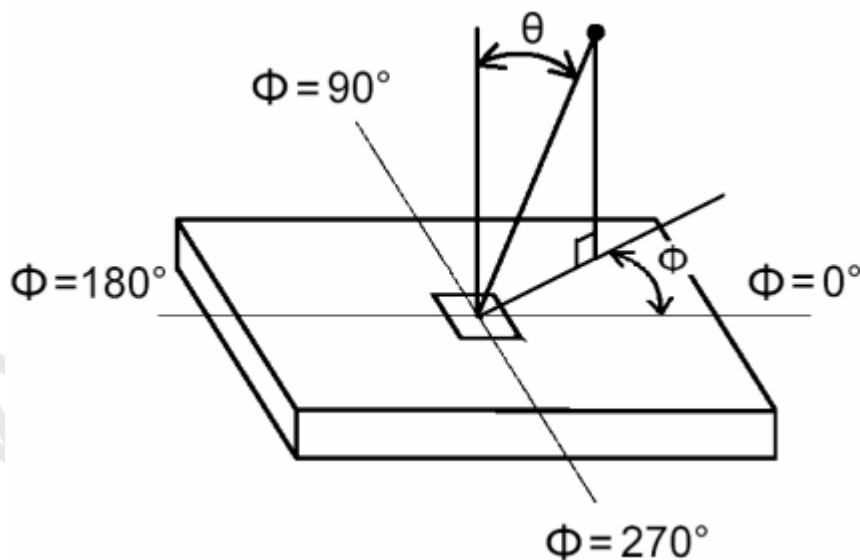


FIG.4 Viewing angle



5. Mechanical Characteristics

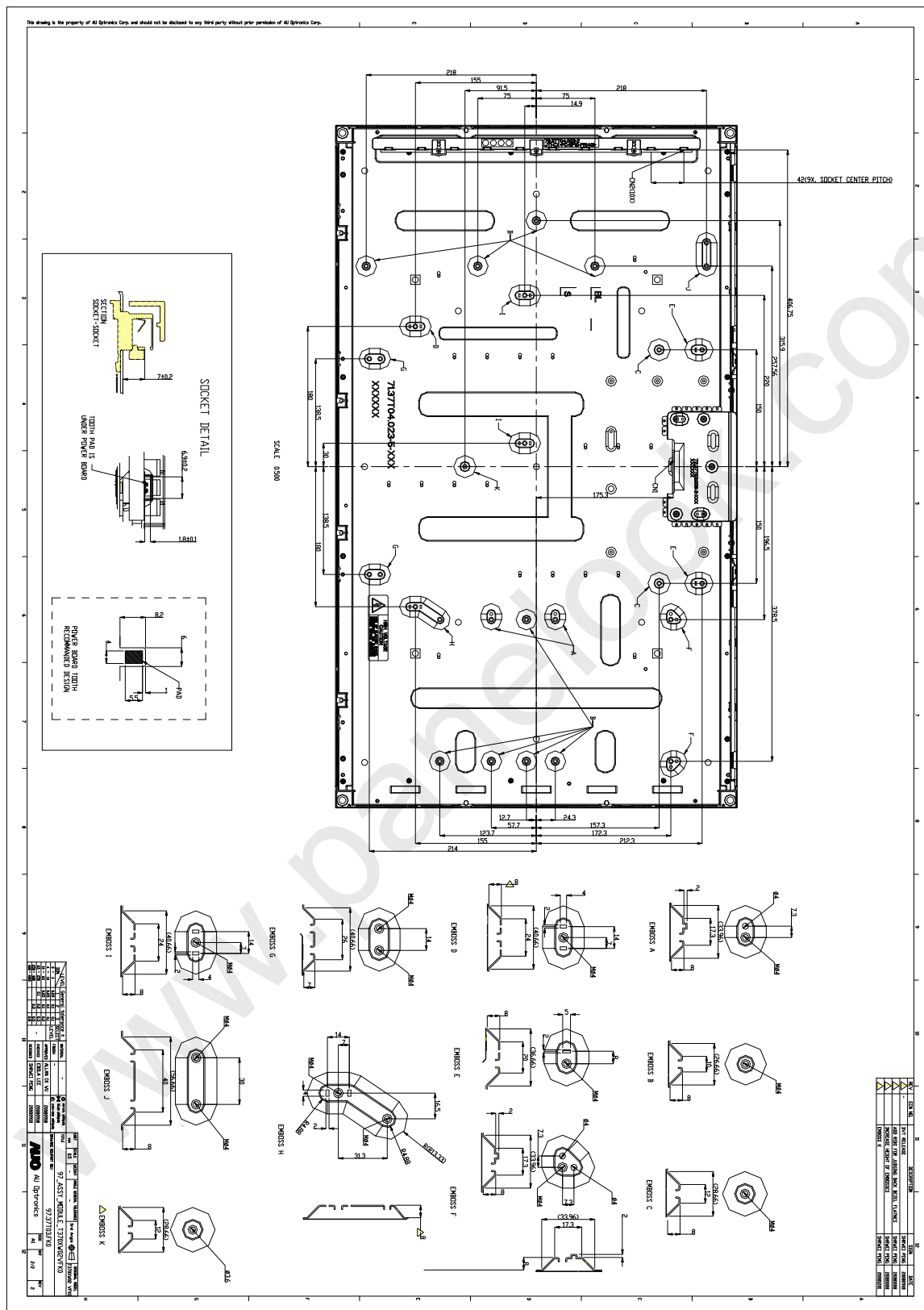
The contents provide general mechanical characteristics for the model T370XW02 VF. In addition the figures in the next page are detailed mechanical drawing of the LCD.

Outline Dimension	Horizontal	877.0mm
	Vertical	514.6mm
	Depth	47.6 mm(to socket cover)
Bezel Opening	Horizontal	827.8mm
	Vertical	469.4mm
Active Display Area	Horizontal	819.6mm
	Vertical	460.8mm
Weight	8500g Typ.	
Surface Treatment	AG SR6, 3H	





Back:





6. Reliability:

Environment test condition

No	Test Item	Condition
1	High temperature storage test	Ta=60℃ 300h
2	Low temperature storage test	Ta= -20℃ 300h
3	High temperature operation test	Ta=50℃ 300h
4	Low temperature operation test	Ta=-5℃ 300h
5	Vibration test (non-operating)	Wave form: random Vibration level: 1.5G RMS Bandwidth: 10-300Hz, Duration: X, Y, Z 30min One time each direction
6	Shock test (non-operating)	Shock level: 50G Waveform: half sine wave, 11ms Direction: ±X, ±Y, ±Z One time each direction
7	Vibration test (with carton)	Wave form: random Vibration level: 1.5G RMS Bandwidth: 10-200Hz, Duration: X, Y, Z 30min One time each direction
8	Drop test (with carton)	Height: 38.0cm 1 corner, 3 edges, 6 surfaces (ASTMD4169-I)



7. International Standard

7-1. Safety

- (1) UL1950 Third Edition, Underwriters Laboratories, Inc. Jan. 28, 1995

Standard for Safety of Information Technology Equipment Including electrical Business Equipment.

- (2) CAN/CSA C22.2 No. 950-95/60950 Third Edition, Canadian Standards Association,

Standard for Safety of Information Technology Equipment Including Electrical Business Equipment.

- (3) EN60950 : 1992+A2: 1993+A2: 1993+C3: 1995+A4: 1997+A11: 1997

IEC 950: 1991+A1: 1992+A2: 1993+C3: 1995+A4:1996

European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization (CENELEC)

EUROPEAN STANDARD for Safety of Information Technology Equipment Including Electrical Business Equipment.

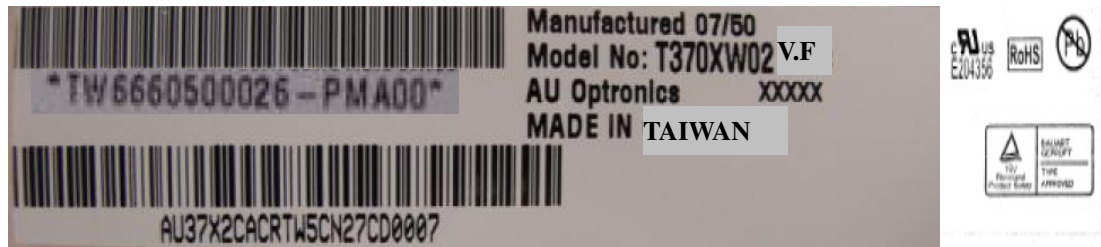
7-2. EMC

- a) ANSI C63.4 "Methods of Measurement of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical and Electrical Equipment in the Range of 9kHz to 40GHz. "American National standards Institute(ANSI), 1992
- b) C.I.S.P.R "Limits and Methods of Measurement of Radio Interface Characteristics of Information Technology Equipment." International Special committee on Radio Interference.
- c) EN 55022 "Limits and Methods of Measurement of Radio Interface Characteristics of Information Technology Equipment." European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization. (CENELEC), 1998



8. Packing

Panel label:



TW6660500026-PMA00

TW6660: T: Taiwan, A/B: China

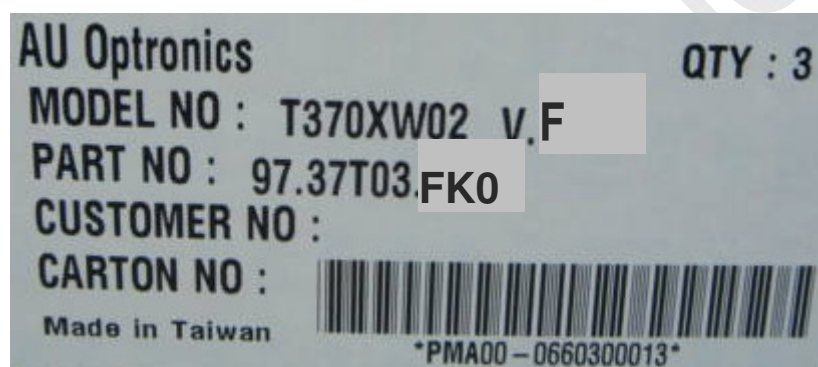
00026: Panel Serial Number

PM0: AUO internal code

Manufactured 07/50: 2007 week 50

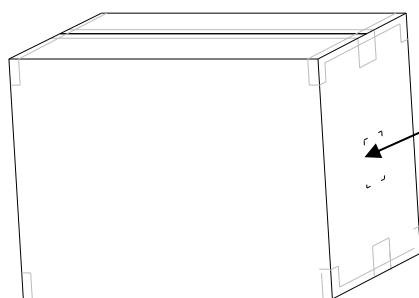
Made In Taiwan: Taiwan made

Carton Label:



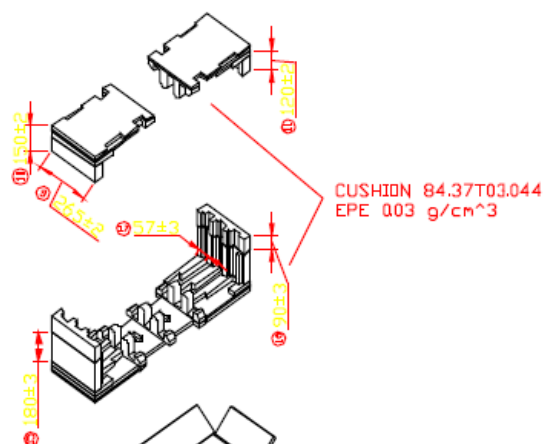
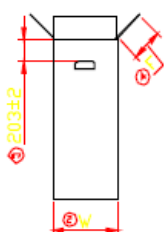
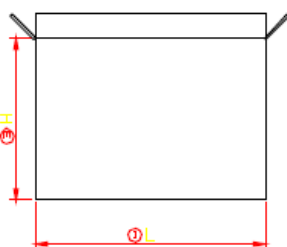
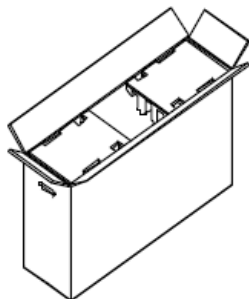
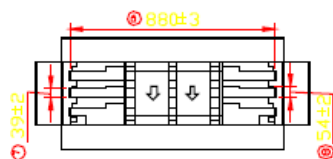


Carton:

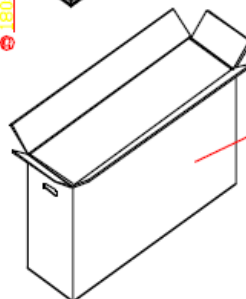


Carton label alignment mark

Notes:
 1. The gap between 2 outer flaps must be less than 5 mm.
 2. Material: Box 48 Type Thickness: 7.5mm
 3. Bursting Strength: 1.0 kg/cm²
 4. Compression Strength: 1.45 kg/cm²
 5. Flange Strength: 80 kg/cm²
 6. Background: Original Reddish-brown
 7. Carton Type: EBCAD
 8. Printing tolerance: 45mm
 9. Check code: 100000
 10. Printing color: Pantone 3000U (approx. 0020)
 acceptable range: 1.0kg/1.1kg sample



CUSHION 84.37T03.044
 EPE 003 g/cm³

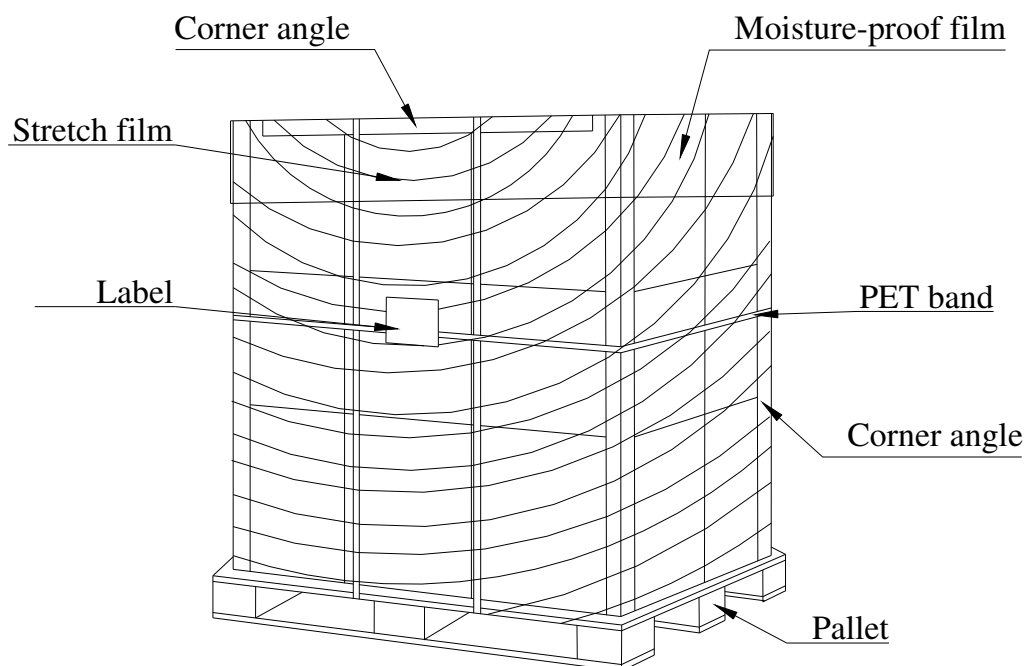


CARTON
 81.37T03.006



Pallet and Shipment information

	Item	Specification			Packing Remark
		Qty.	Dimension	Weight (kg)	
1	Packing BOX	3pcs/box	965(L)mm*280(W)mm*610(H)mm	35.8	
2	Pallet	1	1190(L)mm*900(W)mm*120(H)mm	10	
3	Boxes per Pallet	8 boxes/Pallet			
4	Panels per Pallet	24pcs/pallet			
	Pallet after packing	24	1190(L)mm*900(W)mm*1290(H)mm		





9. PRECAUTIONS

Please pay attention to the followings when you use this TFT LCD module.

9-1 MOUNTING PRECAUTIONS

- (1) You must mount a module using holes arranged in four corners or four sides.
- (2) You should consider the mounting structure so that uneven force (ex. Twisted stress) is not applied to module. And the case on which a module is mounted should have sufficient strength so that external force is not transmitted directly to the module.
- (3) Please attach the surface transparent protective plate to the surface in order to protect the polarizer. Transparent protective plate should have sufficient strength in order to resist external force.
You should adopt radiation structure to satisfy the temperature specification.
Acetic acid type and chlorine type materials for the cover case are not desirable because the former generates corrosive gas of attacking the polarizer at high temperature and the latter causes circuit break by electro-chemical reaction.
- (4) Do not touch, push or rub the exposed polarizers with glass, tweezers or anything harder than HB pencil lead. And please do not rub with dust clothes with chemical treatment. Do not touch the surface of polarizer for bare hand or greasy cloth. (Some cosmetics are detrimental to the polarizer.)
- (5) When the surface becomes dusty, please wipe gently with absorbent cotton or other soft materials like chamois soaks with petroleum benzene. Normal-hexane is recommended for cleaning the adhesives used to attach front/ rear polarizers. Do not use acetone, toluene and alcohol because they cause chemical damage to the polarizer.
- (6) Wipe off saliva or water drops as soon as possible. Their long time contact with polarizer causes deformations and color fading.
- (7) Do not open the case because inside circuits do not have sufficient strength.

9-2 OPERATING PRECAUTIONS

- (1). The device listed in the product specification sheets was designed and manufactured for TV application
The spike noise causes the mis-operation of circuits. It should be lower than following voltage:
 $V = \pm 200\text{mV}$ (Over and under shoot voltage)
- (2). Response time depends on the temperature. (In lower temperature, it becomes longer.)
Brightness depends on the temperature. (In lower temperature, it becomes lower.) And in lower temperature, response time (required time that brightness is stable after turned on) becomes longer.
- (3) Be careful for condensation at sudden temperature change. Condensation makes damage to polarizer or electrical contacted parts. And after fading condensation, smear or spot will occur.
- (4) When fixed patterns are displayed for a long time, remnant image is likely to occur.



- (5) Module has high frequency circuits. Sufficient suppression to the electromagnetic interference shall be done by system manufacturers. Grounding and shielding methods may be important to minimize the interface.

9-3 ELECTROSTATIC DISCHARGE CONTROL

Since a module is composed of electronic circuits, it is not strong to electrostatic discharge. Make certain that treatment persons are connected to ground through wrist band etc. And don't touch interface pin directly.

9-4 PRECAUTIONS FOR STRONG LIGHT EXPOSURE

Strong light exposure causes degradation of polarizer and color filter.

9-5 STORAGE +

When storing modules as spares for a long time, the following precautions are necessary.

- (1) Store them in a dark place. Do not expose the module to sunlight or fluorescent light. Keep the temperature between 5°C and 35°C at normal humidity.
- (2) The polarizer surface should not come in contact with any other object. It is recommended that they be stored in the container in which they were shipped.

9-6 HANDLING PRECAUTIONS FOR PROTECTION FILM

- (1) The protection film is attached to the bezel with a small masking tape. When the protection film is peeled off, static electricity is generated between the film and polarizer. This should be peeled off slowly and carefully by people who are electrically grounded and with well ion-blown equipment or in such a condition, etc.
- (2) When the module with protection film attached is stored for a long time, sometimes there remains a very small amount of glue still on the Bezel after the protection film is peeled off.
- (3) You can remove the glue easily. When the glue remains on the Bezel or its vestige is recognized, please wipe them off with absorbent cotton waste or other soft material like chamois soaked with normal-hexane.